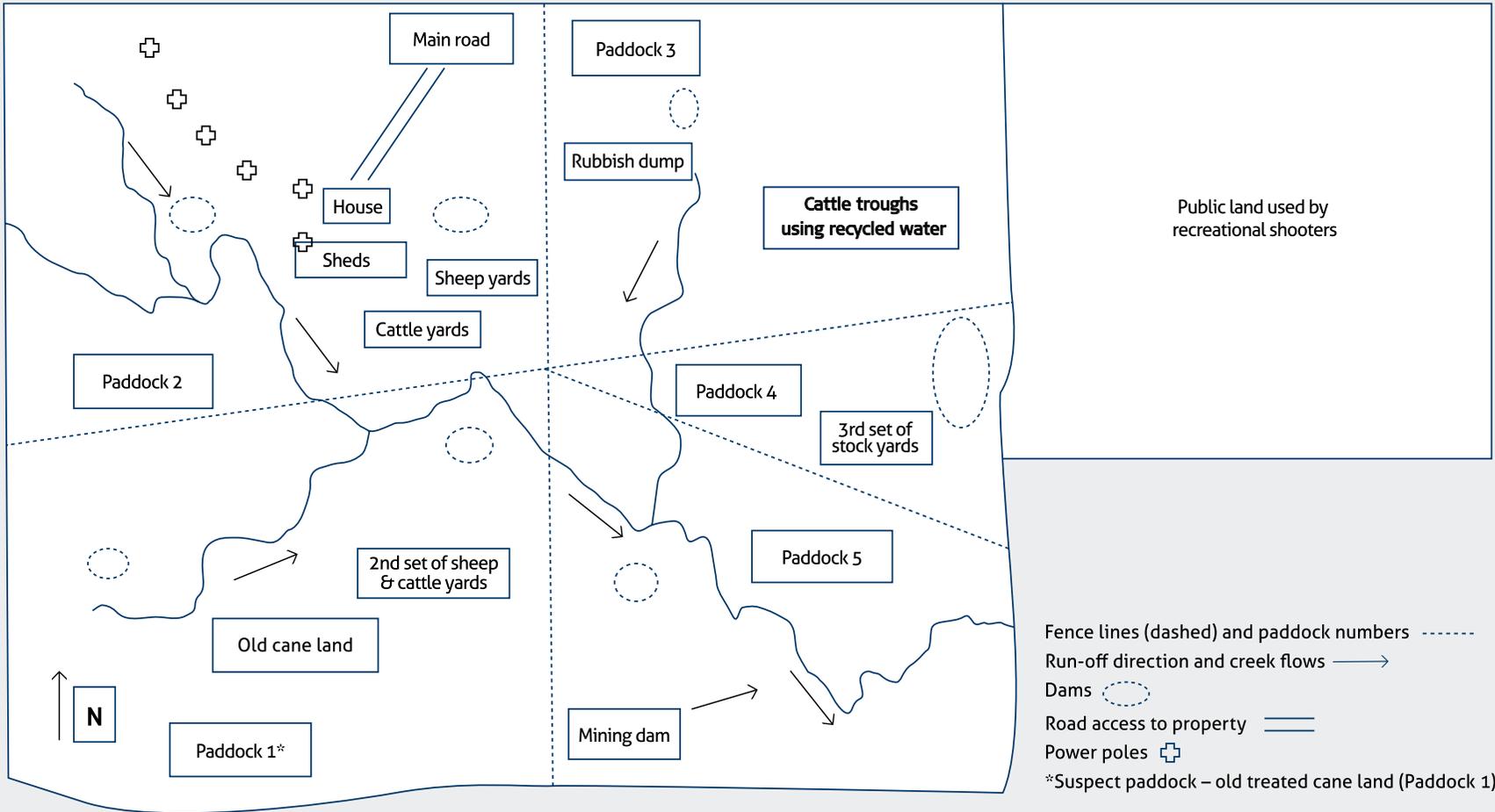


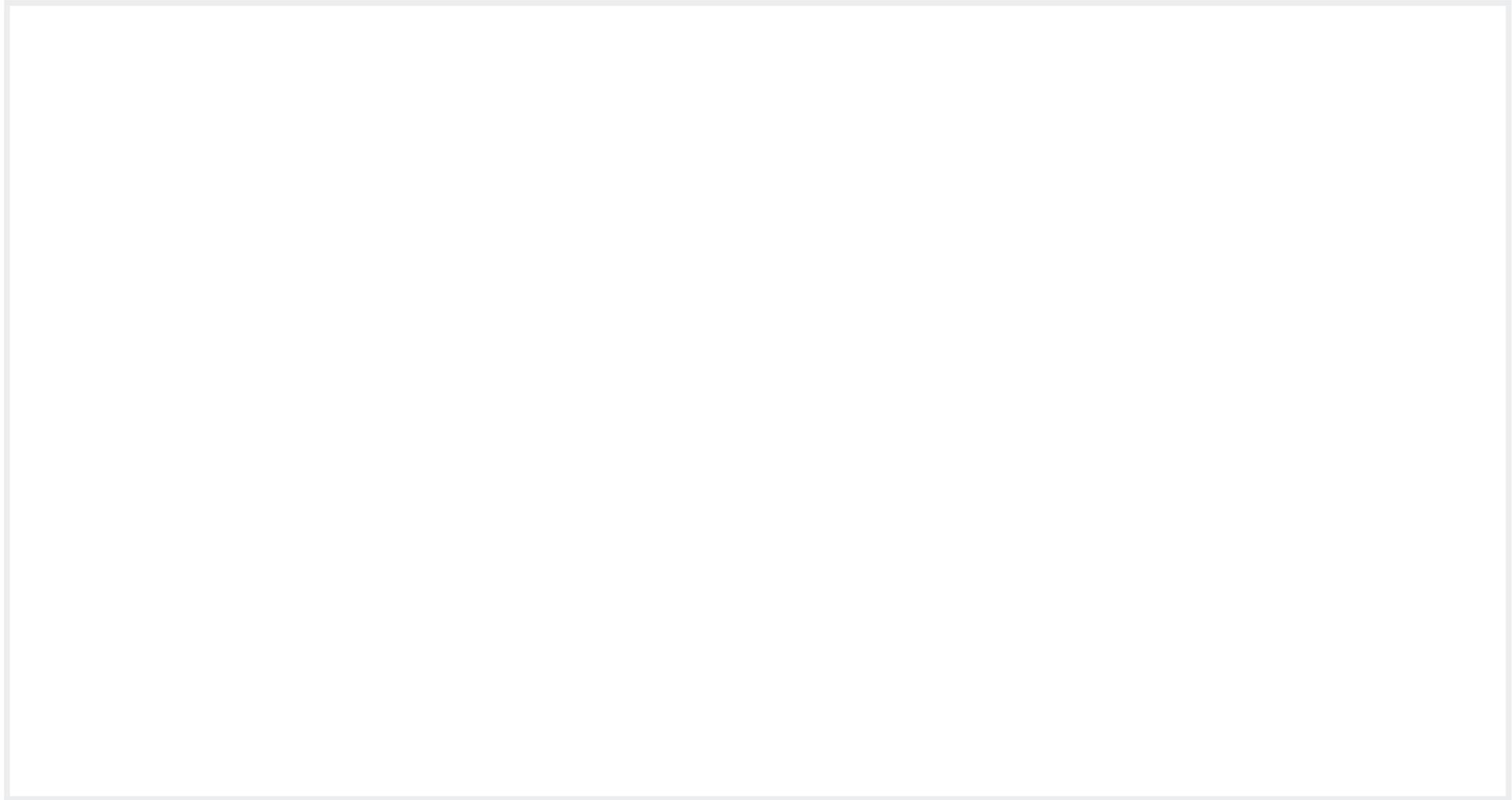
SECTION 1 - Property risk assessment – example map



SECTION 1A - Property risk assessment – map

Draw or print out a map of your property. Highlight the location of old batteries, farm rubbish tips, old painted timbers, commercial painted surfaces (e.g. 200L drums), machinery and any potential chemical storage or disposal area, or land which shares a boundary with public land (e.g. roadways, railways, State Forest, National Park etc).

**You can complete and save property risk assessments and biosecurity plans online in your LPA account.*

A large, empty rectangular box with a light gray border, intended for the user to draw or print a map of their property and highlight specific risk areas.

SECTION 1B - Property risk assessment documentation

The risk assessment involves mapping the property for potential risk sites and recording management of such sites, to ensure a livestock producer is doing all they can to prevent unacceptable levels of persistent chemicals, pathogens from recycled water, and physical contaminants entering the meat they produce. The risk assessment should be reviewed periodically and updated according to changes in land use and management. Responses to the risk assessment questions and the map must be documented and filed, and both made available should the property be subject to an LPA audit. ***You can complete and save property risk assessments and biosecurity plans online in your LPA account.**

Possible risk / risk site (refer to property map)	Reason or risk identified	Results received (soil or fat samples)	Description of how site is managed to eliminate the risk of livestock contamination	Date reviewed	Action required?
Rubbish dump	Old chemical drums, batteries, food scraps	Soil sample; Dieldren 0.20mg/kg BHC 0.40mg/kg	Rubbish dump fenced out 2005	31/07/2021	Review in 12 months
Stock yards	Plunge dip Timber yards treated for termite control	NA	Cattle and sheep yards – plunge dip no longer in use and section of yards not used. Aware of timber yards treated for termite control.	3/07/2021	No
Chemical storage shed and wash down area Sheds Machinery sheds Machinery	Sump oil and old batteries Timber treated for termite control Hydraulic oil on machinery Chemical storage and area used to clean our spray equipment	NA	Sheds – have area where old batteries and sump oil placed, fenced 2007 and also contains washed chemical drums ready for DrumMuster collection. Aware of machinery with oil leaks and endeavour not to leave machinery in paddocks where stock are.		
Power poles	Organochlorine ground treated poles	Soil sample: Dieldren 0.60mg/kg	Power poles to house and sheds are pre-1987. Organochlorine ground treated poles. Old pole removed from paddock.		
Mining dam	Possible heavy metals		Stock not allowed access to dam. Stock in paddock must be on clean feed for 60 days before they can go to slaughter.		
Paddock 1 Old cane paddock	Paddock 1 old treated cane paddock	Soil sample: DDT 0.15mg/kg	Sale cattle restricted access. Stock in paddock must be on clean feed for 60 days before slaughter.		
Public road / adjacent public land	Potential for physical contamination Rubbish from travellers including lead batteries	NA	Gates locked. Areas neighbouring public roads/lands checked for rubbish on a regular basis. Rubbish removal as required.		
Potential physical contamination	Potential for physical contamination	NA	Potential for physical contamination minimised by collection of all loose fencing wire / clear policy regarding the use of firearms on the property.		
Treated recycled water used for irrigation	Potential for presence of pathogen that can cause beef measles (<i>Cysticercus bovis</i> or <i>C. bovis</i>) in cattle.	Documentation from water supplier that water has been treated to achieve a: - Log Reduction Value (LRV) of 4.0 in <i>T. saginata</i> egg concentration or equivalent; or - LRV of 3.0 - only if the producer is supplying other fresh drinking water to cattle.	The recycled water supplier has confirmed that the recycled water has been adequately treated. Other fresh drinking water is available to cattle. If exposed to inadequately treated recycled water, cattle are identified, traceable and declared as exposed to <i>C. bovis</i> on outgoing NVDs.		

SECTION 1B – Property risk assessment documentation

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